

INTERIOR CARE & MAINTENANCE

Following are several guidelines for maintaining your coach interior.

SPOTS & STAINS

Spots or stains should be treated as soon as possible before they set to avoid permanent damage. Always start on the outside of a spot or stain and work inward to avoid spreading it out. Use a clean cloth or sponge turning frequently to a clean area of the cloth or sponge as you work. Some stains or soils, such as lipstick, ink, grease or mustard, are extremely difficult or impossible to remove completely and should receive immediate attention. You may need to consult a professional carpet and upholstery cleaner for assistance with these items.

UPHOLSTERY

Some fabrics used in your motor home may contain fire retardant and lightfastness additives which can be damaged by the use of improper cleaning products. Some water based household cleaning products are not formulated for use on fabrics and may cause excessive shrinking or fading. Always test a cleaning product on a hidden area of fabric before using it on a visible area. For best results, fabric cleaning should be referred to a professional carpet and upholstery cleaner.

NOTE: To minimize fading of upholstery, carpets and other interior fabrics caused by excessive sunlight, drapes, blinds or shades

Type of Stain	Cleaning Agent	Cleaning
Mustard	Dry Clean Solvent	Scrub-soak-blot dry
Ketchup*	Hi-Strength Detergent	Scrub-rinse-blot dry
Coffee*	Hi-Strength Detergent	Scrub-rinse-blot dry
Chocolate*	Detergent	Scrub-rinse-blot dry
Tea*	Hi-Strength Detergent	Scrub-rinse-blot dry
Chewing Gum	Dry Clean Solvent	Scrub-soak-blot dry
Oil	Hi-Strength Detergent	Scrub-soak-blot dry
Grease	Hi-Strength Detergent, Degreaser	Scrub-soak-blot dry
Wax	Detergent	Hot iron on detergent soaked cloth
Rust	Rust Remover	Soak-rinse-blot dry
Dirt*	Detergent	Scrub-rinse-blot dry
Lipstick	Dry Clean Solvent	Soak-blot dry
Nail Polish	Dry Clean Solvent	Soak-blot dry
Shoe Polish	Dry Clean Solvent	Soak-blot dry
Crayon	Hi-Strength Detergent	Scrub-rinse-blot dry
Blood*	Hi-Strength Detergent	Scrub-rinse-blot dry
Water	Citrus-based cleaner	Soak-scrub-blot dry

should be closed when the motor home is parked for an extended period of time.

VINYL FABRICS

Vinyl should be cleaned with a soft damp cloth and mild detergent only. Do not use solvents. Solvents may damage the surface of the vinyl.

DRAPERIES, CURTAINS & BEDSPREADS

The fabric of these items is woven from a variety of materials and may contain fire retardant additives which can be compromised when machine washed. We recommend a professional dry cleaning of these items. A five percent shrinkage may result from the dry cleaning process.

PLEATED WINDOW SHADES

Pleated shades can lose their shape if left in the lowered position for an extended period of time. If a

pleated shade loses its shape, pleats can be restored by the following procedure:

1. With the shade fully lowered, dampen the shade thoroughly with a good quality laundry spray starch.
2. Raise the shade fully and let it remain raised for about 24 hours until the starch has dried and set.
3. Re-apply starch periodically (every few months as needed).

CEILINGS

Ceilings consist of either a padded vinyl or fabric material. Each of the materials has its own care and maintenance procedures. Fabric can be distinguished from vinyl by its nap. Vinyl is smooth or has embossed patterns. Padded vinyl should be cleaned every six months, or as needed, by wiping the material with a soft, clean cloth wetted in a mild soap solution. Once the vinyl has been cleaned, wipe it dry using a clean, soft cloth.

Fabric ceilings should be vacuumed every six months, or as needed.

REMOVING STAINS FROM VINYL CEILINGS

When attempting to remove a stain from a vinyl ceiling, the following procedure should be used:

1. Dampen a sponge or clean, soft cloth with clean water. Use the sponge/cloth to begin wiping the stain from the edges working toward the center. If the stain is composed of grease, DO NOT use water to clean it. Proceed with a commercially available cleaner. When cleaning, refrain from saturating the stained area by applying too much water or cleaner.

2. If the sponge and water method does not do an adequate job, a commercial cleaner should be used such as Tech Stain Remover or a citrus based cleaner.

CAUTION: When using a cleaner on ceiling material, always test a hidden area to make certain that the cleaner will not damage the material.

REMOVING STAINS FROM FABRIC CEILINGS

Most commercially available carpet and upholstery cleaners will do an excellent job of removing stains. From time to time, additional cleaning methods may need to be employed to remove stubborn or difficult stains.

General: As with any stain or contamination, quick response is best, especially in conjunction with the proper cleaner for the type of stain. Important: Make sure you have selected the proper cleaning agent from the following list before you begin the cleaning process.

NOTE: In many cases, repeated steps may be

required to fully extract contaminant from material. Items listed with an asterisk (*) may also be removed through steam extraction by a professional cleaner service.

NOTE: Always test clean a hidden area of the material or fabric for damage before cleaning the stained area. DO NOT saturate the stained area by applying too much cleaner.